

**CALL FOR INPUTS: ASABE SHEHU YAR'ADUA FOUNDATION
CONTRIBUTIONS ON THE 2030 AGENDA
written submission by:**

Asabe Shehu Yar'Adua Foundation (ASYARFS)

1. How can the Commission contribute to the accelerated implementation of the 2030 Agenda? (up to 500 words)

a. Strengthening legal frameworks: The Commission can play a vital role in assisting member states in developing and implementing effective legal frameworks to prevent and address crime. This includes promoting the adoption and implementation of international legal instruments and encouraging cooperation among nations in combating transnational organized crime.

b. Capacity building: The Commission can focus on capacity building efforts, providing technical assistance and sharing best practices to enhance the capabilities of member states in crime prevention, criminal justice, and law enforcement. This can include training programs, knowledge sharing platforms, and support for institutional development.

c. Data collection and analysis: The Commission can contribute to the 2030 Agenda by facilitating the collection, analysis, and dissemination of reliable crime data. By promoting standardized methodologies and improving data-sharing mechanisms, the Commission can support evidence-based policymaking and target interventions in areas most affected by crime.

d. Collaboration and partnerships: The Commission can foster collaboration among member states, United Nations entities, international and regional organizations, and relevant stakeholders. By facilitating partnerships and coordination, the Commission can leverage collective expertise and resources to address common challenges in crime prevention and criminal justice.

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2. In particular, how can the Commission contribute to the accelerated implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 16 (Peace, justice and strong institutions)? (up to 500 words) Contributions could address a range of issues, for example, proposals relating to:

a. Enhancing the organization of the Commission's work: The Commission can review and improve its organizational structure and working methods to ensure greater efficiency and effectiveness in advancing SDG 16. This can include streamlining processes, optimizing the use of resources, and adopting outcome-oriented approaches that promote tangible results.

b. Strengthening cooperation with intergovernmental bodies: The Commission should enhance its cooperation with other relevant intergovernmental bodies, such as the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Collaborative efforts can include sharing expertise, harmonizing approaches, and coordinating activities to maximize the impact of crime prevention and criminal justice initiatives.

c. Promoting specific thematic areas: The Commission should prioritize certain thematic areas that are critical to SDG 16 and have a direct impact on peace, justice, and strong institutions. These may include promoting access to justice for marginalized and vulnerable groups, addressing corruption and illicit financial flows, strengthening measures to counter terrorism and organized crime, and promoting alternatives to imprisonment.

d. Support from the Secretariat: The Commission can benefit from enhanced support from the Secretariat, including the provision of tools, guidelines, and documentation that enable the Commission to align its work more effectively

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with the 2030 Agenda. This can involve developing practical resources, sharing best practices, and facilitating knowledge exchange among member states and stakeholders.

e. Raising the profile of crime prevention and criminal justice: The Commission should actively engage in efforts to raise the "profile" and "relevance" of crime prevention and criminal justice during the preparations for the next meeting of the High-Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development and the Summit of the Future in 2024. This can include advocating for the inclusion of crime prevention and criminal justice issues on the agenda, organizing side events, and promoting evidence-based policy recommendations.

f. Strengthening partnerships with non-state actors: The Commission should actively engage non-state actors, including civil society organizations, academia, and the private sector, to enhance the implementation of SDG 16. Partnerships can foster innovative approaches, provide diverse perspectives, and mobilize additional resources for effective crime prevention and criminal justice interventions.

g. Utilizing technology and data: The Commission can harness the power of technology and data to support the implementation of SDG 16. This can involve leveraging digital tools for information sharing, utilizing data analytics to identify trends and patterns, and promoting the use of technology-enabled solutions for crime prevention, investigation, and justice delivery.